Metaverse x Security:

Unravelling essential trade-offs in Web 3.0

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Agenda:



Web 3.0 and it's novel challenges



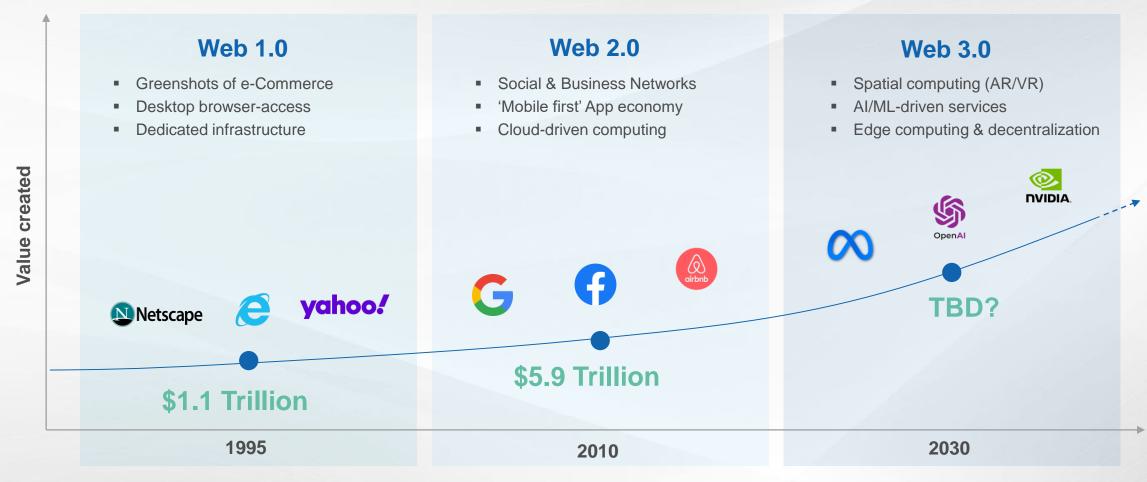
Enabling new tech in secure environments



Case Study: Remote Rendering



The Web has become increasingly valuable and pervasive over time. Web 3.0 is the next step on its evolutionary trajectory.



Source: Fabric Ventures, 2023 adapted by Detecon



Web 3.0: Metaverse Apps & Generative AI are creating a real impact on our economy already. Yet they create new challenges.

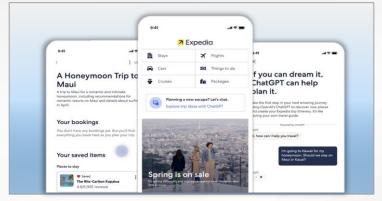
Digital Factory Twin



Autonomous Driving



Travel Planning with GenAl





Aggregation of critical data

requires utmost security.





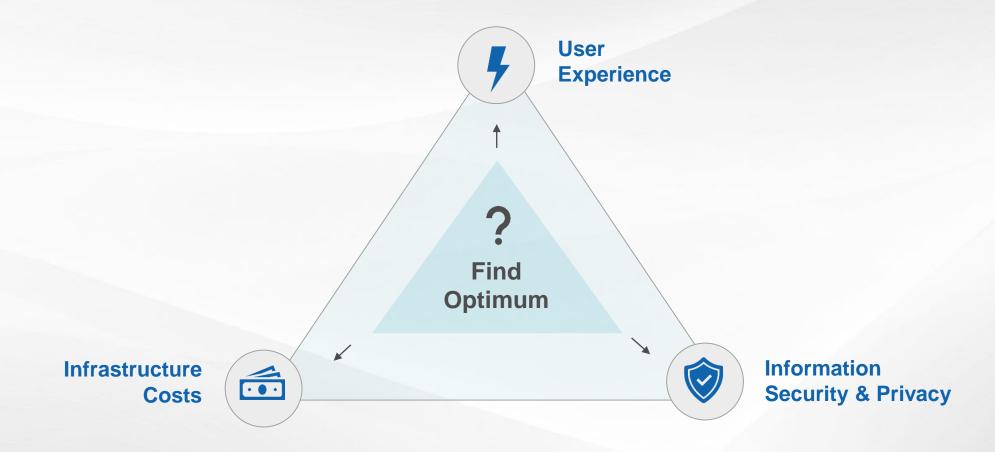
New applications demand lower latencies / higher UX.



GPU infrastructure leads to higher costs.



Within the Web 3.0 ecosystem, the quest to find an optimal tradeoff between cost, UX and security / data privacy is getting increasingly challenging.





Metaverse

Focus on information security, access and data provisioning. Focus on optimization between performance optimization and information hubs or joints

GenAl

Al must be properly and fully trained. Challenge on how to predefine the scope of data usage and potential outcomes



Metaverse

Data protection concerns (GDPR) mainly in B2C use-cases. Solved through sufficient pseudonymization without limiting the user experience

GenAl

Discussions on reliability and accountability if AI is allowed to make decisions. Data protection concerns as user experience may differentiate on user identity



Why to differentiate between Metaverse, GenAl & mixed use-cases?

New opportunities come along with new threats.

Risk vectors and consequences remain similar, the focus and likelihood may however change.

The **metaverse**:

- refers to a virtual universe or **interconnected network** of virtual worlds
- interact through immersive technologies such as VR or AR
- reality extension of the physical world, enabling users to have a persistent presence and interact with digital content and other participants

Generative **Artificial Intelligence**:

- intelligent machines capable of performing tasks that would typically require human intelligence
- perceive their environment, reason, learn, and make decisions or take actions to achieve specific goals
- machine learning, natural language processing, computer vision, robotics, and more to automate processes, improve efficiency, and solve complex problems



Multitude of hubs, real-time rendering and the risk with high precision

Challenges and related risks from implementing metaverse in businesses collect around the business functions.

Multitude of hubs:

- Securely bring processing capacity into a running organization
- Differentiation on which type of data is allowed to be processed
- Definition of use-cases may vary over time and hence allowances must be accurately adapted

Real-time rendering and interfaces:

- Assess data being processed and identify vulnerabilities and risk vectors, especially live-manipulation
- Implementing zero-trust on connectors like VR-lenses

High precision information:

- Information is a lot more precise than being described in words in a confidential document
- Successful espionage or data leakage may rapidly increase risk vectors





How can we ensure that AI identifies an object as what it is?

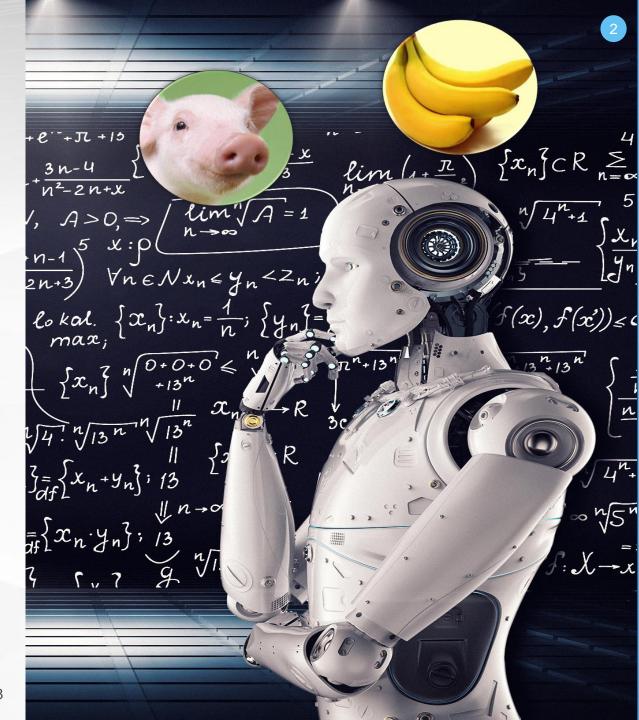
What if decisions are based on or taken by Al?

Technical Background:

- Potential of manipulating the AI in the initial learning process
- Putting invisible markers into pictures that trigger the AI to something else

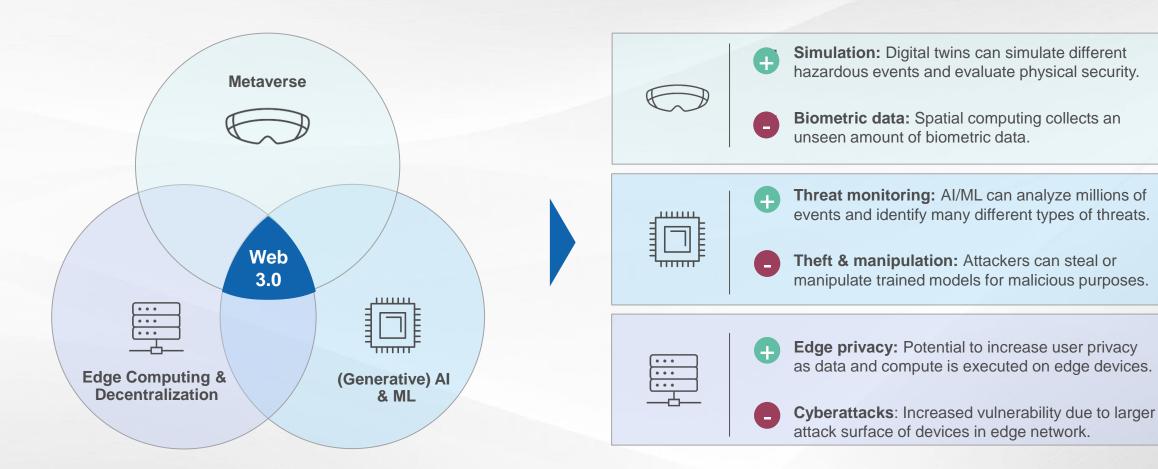
Potential Risks:

- Unless human control and have the knowledge to challenge the outcome, manipulated data may remain undetected
- If the technology is also enabled to make decisions based on Al evaluations, who will be held responsible for consequences?





Web 3.0 Technologies offer both opportunities and threats with respect to Information Security & Data Privacy.



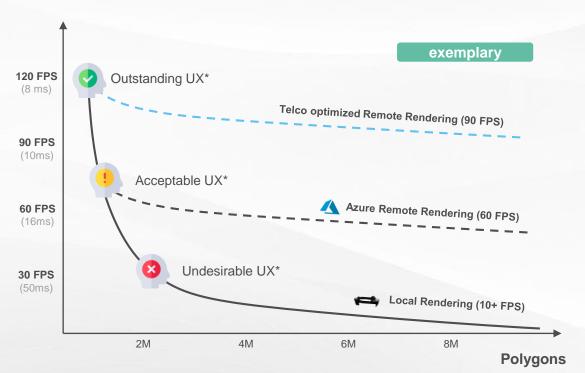


Example: Rendering a complex factory twin requires low latency, high performance infrastructure. Simultaneously data privacy is very important!

UX Benefits of Telco-Core remote rendering

Interactive high quality UX only possible via remote rendering

FPS (Motion to Photon Latency equivalent)

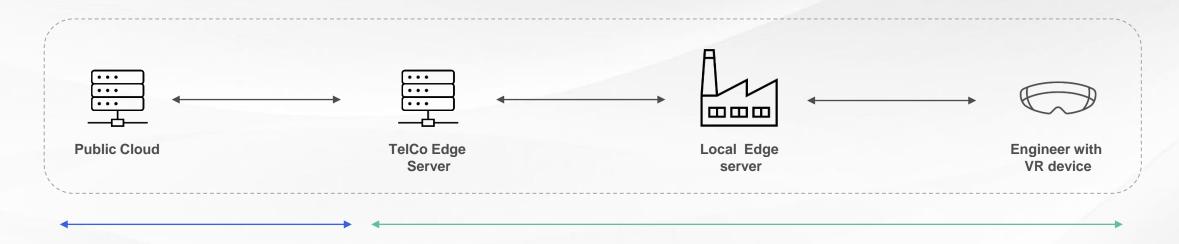




Source: adapted from https://community.fologram.com/t/hololens-2-polygon-count-and-frame-rate/49; *FPS assumptions are based on asynchronous time warping.



National TelCo Companies strictly adhere to the local data privacy rights while Public Cloud providers have been caught outside of legal boundaries already.



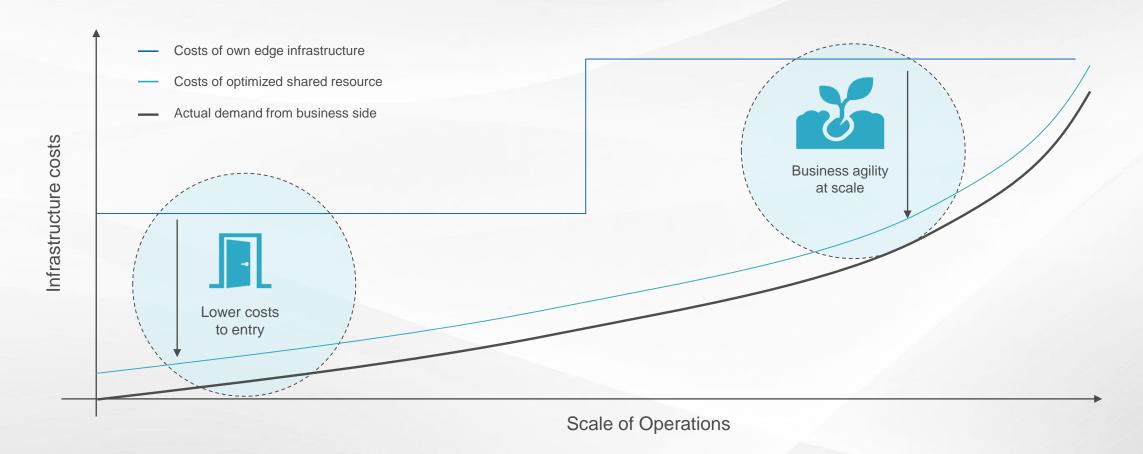




Strict adherence to local data privacy regulations.

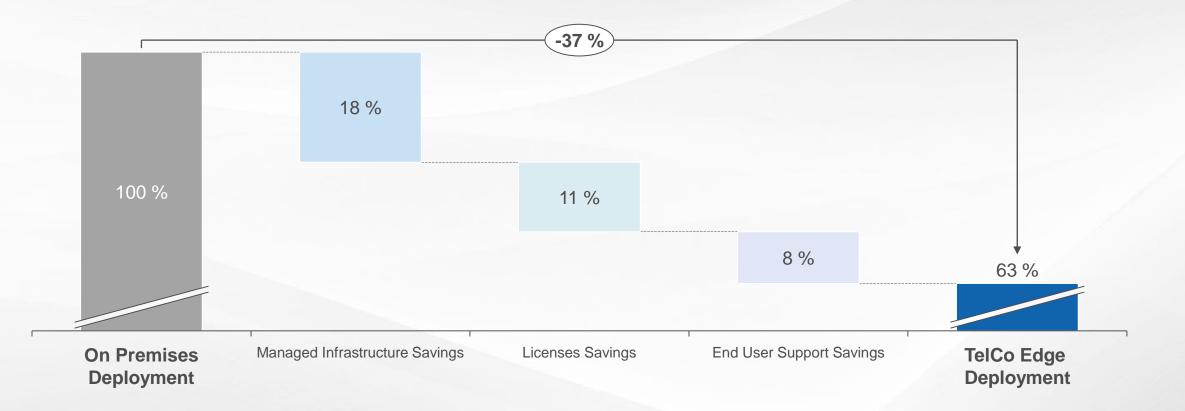


Embracing cloud / edge enables lower costs to entry, business agility at scale.



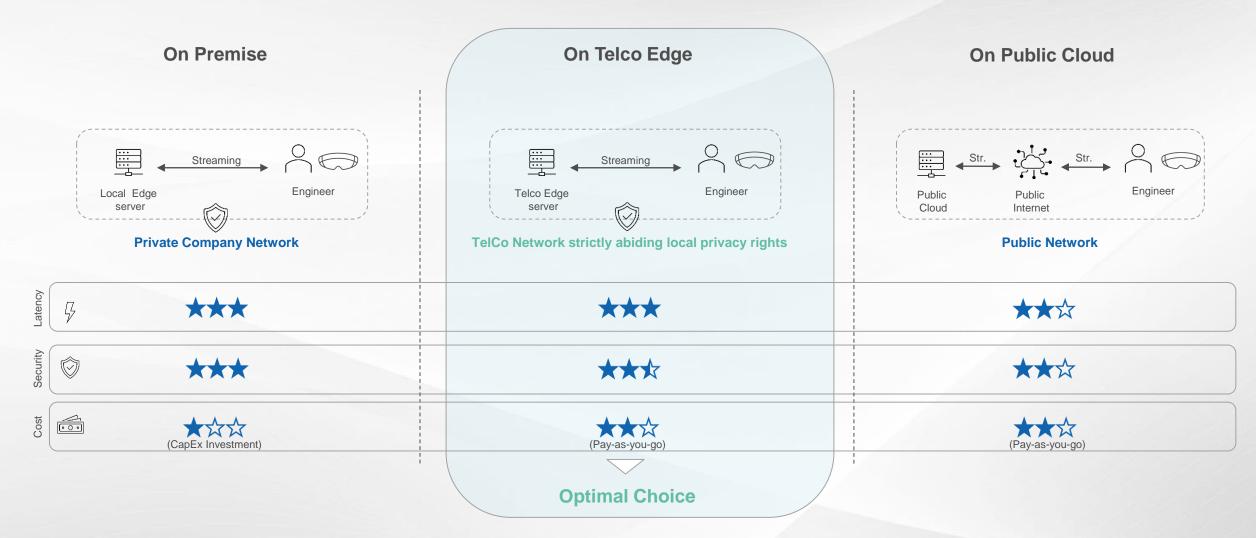


A TelCo Edge deployment can lead up to 37% of savings vs. on-premise.





TelCo edge rendering combines cloud economics with superior performance, security and most importantly local data privacy.





Summary and key take-aways:

1

Web 3.0 and it's novel challenges

- Web 3.0 is already impacting our lives.
- Its raising UX, cost & security requirements.
- Solving its trade-offs gets more challenging.

2

Enabling new tech in secure environments

- Define scope & purpose as a first step.
- Identify risk vectors based on information sensitivity & access permissions.
- Secure real-time interfaces to prevent harm.

3

Case Study: Remote Rendering

- Factory twins require remote rendering.
- Associated data is highly sensitive.
- TelCo Edge represents optimal approach.



Thank you.

Today's Speakers:



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